

DRMS SERIES

DIN RAIL MOUNT HYBRID MOTOR STARTERS

DRMS Series Hybrid Motor Starters are intelligent and convenient solutions for controlling 3-phase asynchronous motors. These compact devices can provide up to 6 functions in the same unit: Forward/Reverse, Soft Start/Soft Stop, Motor Overload Protection, and Mains Isolating Relay.

Motor overload detection is based on a thermal load curve. The relays are de-energized when an overload condition is present, ensuring a long service life.



Features

- 3-phase motors reversing up to 4 kW
- 2-phase soft start/stop
- Up to 4 dials for setting of starting torque, deceleration torque, soft start/ stop, and rated motor current
- 4 LEDs for status indication
- Galvanic separated 24 VDC inputs for forward and reverse control
- Reset button on front, with connection for external reset
- Relay indicator output for operation
- Hybrid relay combines benefits of electromechanical relay technology with non-wearing semiconductor technology
- High reliability by temperature monitoring of semiconductors

Applications

- Reversing operation for door and gate controls, bridge drives and lifting applications with monitoring of blockage
- Conveyor systems with monitoring of blockage
- · Actuating drives in process controls with blockage monitoring



Part Number	Functions	
DRMS48D91	Forward/Reverse, Overload Protection	
DRMS48D92	Forward/Reverse, Overload Protection, Soft Start/Stop	
DRMS48D93	Forward/Reverse, Overload Protection, Soft Start/Stop, Mains Isolating Relay	



SPECIFICATIONS

Output (1)

Description	DRMS48D9x
Operating Voltage L1/L2/L3 [Vrms]	200-480 ± 10%
Nominal Frequency [Hz]	50/60, automatic detection
Peak Reverse Voltage [Vpk]	1500
Overvoltage Limiting [Vrms]	550

Maximum Off-State Leakage Current @ Rated Voltage [mArms]	0.5
Load Current, AC51 [Arms] ⁽²⁾	9
Load Current, AC53a: 6-2: 10-30 IEC/EN 60947-4-2 [Arms] ⁽²⁾	7.6
Maximum Motor Power [kW] @ 400 VAC	4
Minimum Motor Power [W]	25
Maximum Surge Current [Apk] t = 20 msec	200
Load Limit Integral [A²sec] t = 10 msec	200
Starting Voltage	30-80%
Start / deceleration ramp [sec]	1-10
Switchover Delay Time [msec]	250
Max. Fuse Rating per IEC/EN 60947-5-1	25 A gG / gL
Electrical Life	> 10 ⁷ cycles

Motor Protection (1)

Description	DRMS48D9x	
le: 1.5 A to 6.8 A	Class 10 / 10 A	
le: 6.9 A to 9.0 A	Class 5	
Protection type	Electronic, without thermal memory	
Reset	Manual	

Input (1)

Description	DRMS48D9x
Control Voltage Range (R, L)	10-30 VDC
Minimum Turn-On Voltage	10 VDC
Must Turn-Off Voltage	8 VDC
Typical Input Current	4 mA
Polarity Reversal Protected	Yes
Manual Reset Voltage Range	10-30 VDC

Auxiliary Power Supply (1) (3)

Description	DRMS48D9x
Voltage Range	24 VDC ±10%
Power Consumption	2 W
Min. Start Up Delay	100 msec
Min. Release Delay	50 msec

Indicator Outputs (1)

Description	DRMS48D9x
Output Type (Ready)	1 Changeover Contact (SPDT)
Switching Capacity to AC 15 per IEC/EN 60947-5-1, NO Contact	3 A / 230 VAC
Switching Capacity to AC 15 per IEC/EN 60947-5-1, NC Contact	1 A / 230 VAC
Thermal Current, Ith	5 A
Electrical Life to AC15 @ 3A, 230 VAC per IEC/EN 60947-5-1	2 x 10 ⁵ Cycles
Mechanical Life	30 x 10 ⁶ Cycles
Maximum Switching Frequency	1800 cycles/hr
Max. Fuse Rating per IEC/EN 60947-5-1	4 A gG / gL

General (1)

Description	DRMS48D9x	
Device Type	Hybrid Motor Controller	
Rated Insulation Voltage	500 V	
Overvoltage Category / Contamination Level per IEC/EN 60664-1	4 kV / 2	
Ambient Operating Temperature Range	0 to 60 °C	
Ambient Storage Temperature Range	-25 to 75 °C	
Weight (Typical)	188 g	
Housing Color	Black and Light Gray	
LED Status Indicators	See Indicators Chart	
Protection Degree, Housing	IP40	
Protection Degree, Terminals	IP20	
Humidity @ 40 °C	93% non condensing	
Control Terminal Screw Torque (lb-in/Nm)	3.46 / 0.39	
Load Terminal Screw Torque (lb-in/Nm)	5-7 / 0.56-0.79	
Control Terminal Wire Capacity	1 x 22-14 AWG (IEC 0.5-2.5 mm²) (stranded/solid)	
Load Terminal Wire Capacity	1 x 30-12 AWG (IEC 0.05-4 mm²) (stranded/solid)	



- (1) All parameters at 25°C unless otherwise specified.
- (2) To achieve maximum ratings there must be a minimum spacing of 0.9 in (22mm) between the devices in free air (see derating curves).
- ⁽³⁾ For reliable operation the 24 VDC auxiliary power supply needs to be fully stable during the entire operation of the device. Removing this voltage while the output is under load could cause permanent damage to the device.

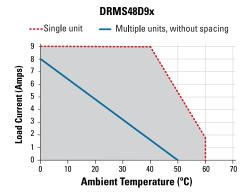
Additional Notes

- This device is intended for use on supply systems with a maximum voltage from phase to ground of 300 V (e.g. for a three phase-four wire system 277/480 V or on a three phase-three wire systems of 240 V), rated impulse withstand voltage of max. 4 kV.
- Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5000 rms symmetrical Amperes, 480 Volts maximum when protected by class CC, J or RK5 fuse rated maximum 20 A.
- For use in pollution degree 2 Environment or equivalent.
- The control circuits of this device shall be supplied by an isolated 24 VDC power supply which output is protected with a fuse rated max. 4 Adc.

- For installations according to Canadian National Standard C22.2 No. 14-13 (cUL Mark only) and supply voltages above 400V:
 - For 415 V max. supply voltage, transient surge suppression devices shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 240 V (phase to ground), 415 V (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4 kV.
 - For 480 V max. supply voltage, transient surge suppression devices shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 277 V (phase to ground), 480 V (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4 kV.

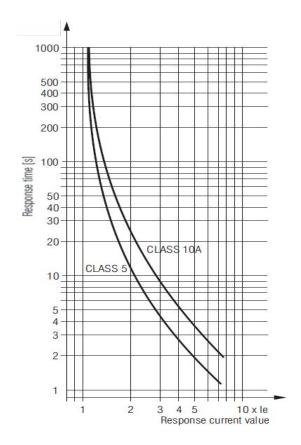


THERMAL DERATE INFORMATION



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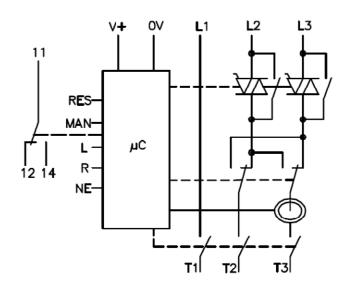
MOTOR OVERLOAD PROTECTION CURVES



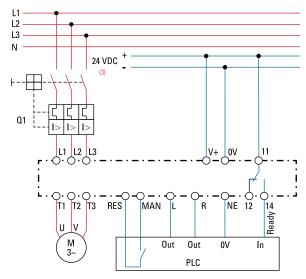


EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT BLOCK AND WIRING DIAGRAMS

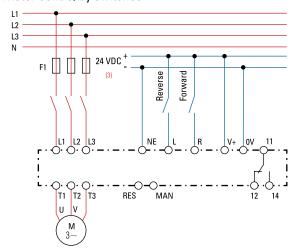
TABLE 3. Connection Terminals		
Terminal Designator	Description	
V+	Auxiliary voltage +	
0V	Auxiliary voltage -	
R	Control input Forward	
L	Control input Reverse	
NE	Earth connection control input	
MAN	Input for remote Reset	
RES	Output for remote Reset	
11, 12, 14	Indicator relay for operation	
L1	Phase voltage L1	
L2	Phase voltage L2	
L3	Phase voltage L3	
T1	Motor connection T1	
T2	Motor connection T2	
Т3	Motor connection T3	



Motor control by PLC



Motor control by switches

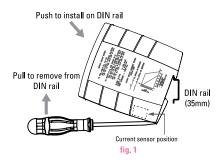




- Install the motor starter on the DIN rail, as shown on fig. 1.
- Wire the motor starter to the control side. AWG #22 (0.5mm²) minimum, AWG #14 (2.5mm²) maximum.
- Wire the motor starter to the output side. AWG #30 (0.05mm²) minimum, AWG #12 (4 mm²) maximum (stranded/solid).
- Maximum terminal screw torque control side 3.46 lb-in (0.39 Nm) & output side 5-7 lb-in (0.564-0.79 Nm).
- Use 60°C / 75°C copper conductors only.
- If multiple units are installed, be sure to follow derating curves.



When designing circuits with this motor starter unit, components that generate magnetic fields like contactors, transformers, or high current wires, should not be placed close to the current sensor.



WARNING! Latching system could be damaged if product is removed incorrectly out of the DIN rail.

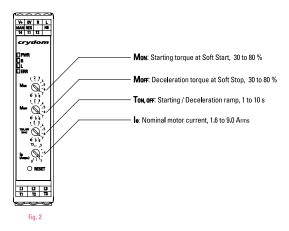
Safety Notes:

- Never clear a fault when the device is switched on.
- The user must ensure that the device and the necessary component are mounted and connected according to the locally applicable regulations and technical standards (UL, VDE, TÜV, BG).
- Adjustments may only be carried out by qualified specialist staff and the applicable safety rules must be observed.
- After a short circuit the motor starter is damaged and has to be replaced (Assignment type 1).
- If several motor starter devices are protected together, the sum of the motor currents must not exceed 25 A.



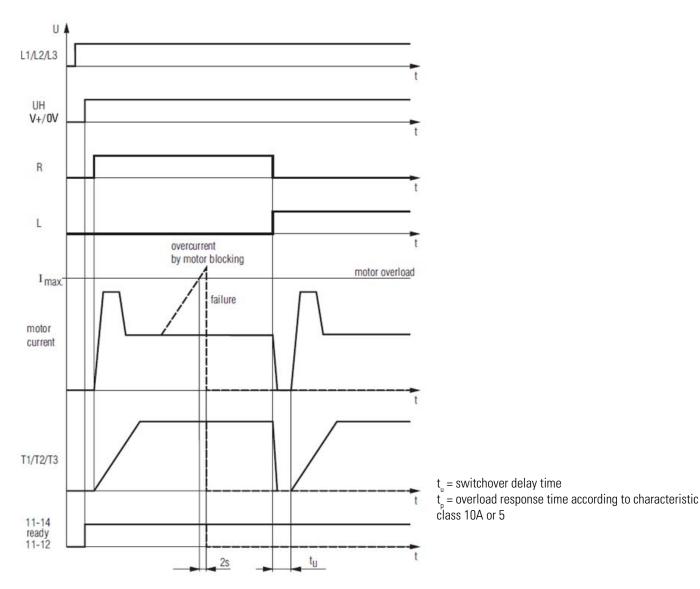
SETUP PROCEDURE

- 1. Wire the motor and the motor starter device according to the wiring diagrams examples. A forward (clockwise) rotating field is assumed for normal operation. A anti-clockwise rotating field triggers a fault message.
- 2. Turn Ton/Toff dial fully clockwise, Mon and Moff dials fully anti-clockwise, and le dial to the required current.
- 3. Connect voltage and start the motor using control inputs R and L.
- 4. The starting time is set by turning the Ton dial anti-clockwise and the starting torque is set by turning the Mon dial clockwise to the desired value. If set correctly, the motor shall swiftly accelerate to the nominal speed.



Indicator	LED Color	Status	Description
PWR	Green	Permanent ON	Auxiliary supply connected.
R	Yellow	Permanent ON Flashing	Forward, power semiconductors bridged. Forward, ramp operation.
L	Yellow	Permanent ON Flashing	Reverse, power semiconductors bridged. Reverse, ramp operation.
ERR	Red	Flashing 1 pulse 2 pulses 3 pulses 4 pulses 5 pulses 6 pulses 7 pulses	Error detected: Over temperature on semiconductors. Wrong mains frecuency. Phase reversal detected. At least 1 phase is missing. Motor overcurrent detected. Mains isolating relay not disconnected. Incorrect mesurement circuit. Motor protection has responded.

FUNCTION DIAGRAMS





Forward/Reverse Control

Forward (clockwise) and reverse (anticlockwise) rotation can be selected via control inputs R and L respectively. The input signal detected first is executed if both inputs are applied simultaneously. After the detected signal is cancelled, the rotational direction is reversed via the Soft Start function. These control inputs have a common isolated ground connection NE.

Soft Start

Two motor phases are switched using phase-angle control to allow a steady increase of the phase currents. The motor torque increases in the same manner when ramping up. This operation ensures the motor starts smoothly and helps to extend the life of the motor and the motor starter. The ramp up time Ton and starting torque Mon can be adjusted via a rotary dial at the front.

Soft Stop

The Soft Stop function extends the natural run down time of the motor starter to allow for a smooth stop. The ramp down time Toff, which is equal to the ramp up time, and the decelaration torque Moff can be adjusted via a rotary dial at the front.

Motor Overload Protection

The thermal load of the motor is calculated using a thermal model (see Thermal Overload Protection Curves). The nominal motor current le can be adjusted via a potentiometer on the front. To calculate the thermal load the current is measured in phase T3.

A symmetrical load current in all 3 phases of the motor is assumed for flawless operation. When the trigger value, stored in the trigger characteristics, is reached, the motor is switched off and the device switches to fault 8. The fault can be acknowledged via the front Reset button or via the external Reset input.

IMPORTANT: The data of the thermal model can be cleared through a Reset or by removing power to the unit. In this case, the user must provide adequate cooling time to the motor.

Phase Failure Detection

To make sure the motor is not asymmetrically loaded a check takes place during the motor start to determine if phases L1, L2 and L3 are present. If one or several phases are absent then the device switches to fault 4. The fault can be acknowledged via the Reset button or via the external Reset input.

Mains Isolating Relay (only for model DRMS48D93)

In the off state or when a fault condition is detected the motor terminals are isolated from the mains voltage by a 4-pole forcibly guided contact relay. The contact opening is min. 0.5 mm.

IMPORTANT: Do not remove the 24 VDC auxiliary supply voltage while the output is under load. Failure to do so can cause a permanent damage to the mains isolating Relay.

Signalling Output Relay

Contact 11/14 is closed if no fault is present on the device.

Reset Function

There are 2 options available to acknowledge a fault condition:

Front Reset button:

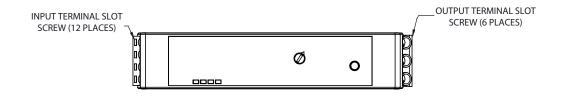
Acknowledgement is done by momentarily pressing the Reset button at the front of the device. If the button is still pressed after 2 seconds the device resumes the fault state.

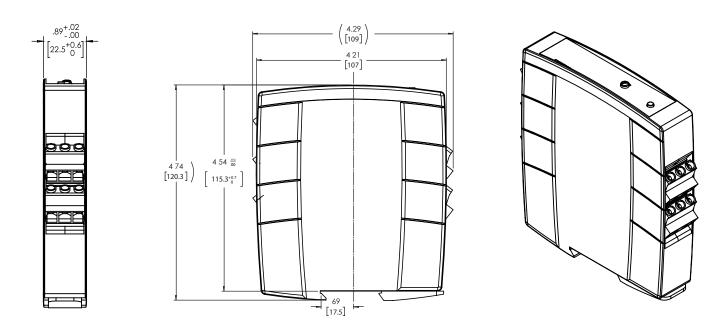
Remote Reset input:

Remote acknowledgement can be accomplished by connecting an external switch (Normally Open) between terminals MAN and RES. Acknowledgement is triggered as soon as this external contact closes. If the contact is still actuated after 2 seconds the device resumes the fault state since a defect in the acknowledgement circuit cannot be ruled out.

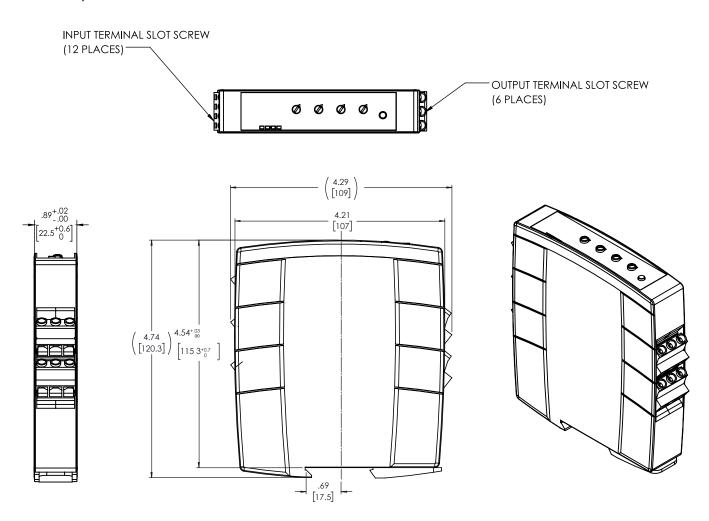


DRMS48D91

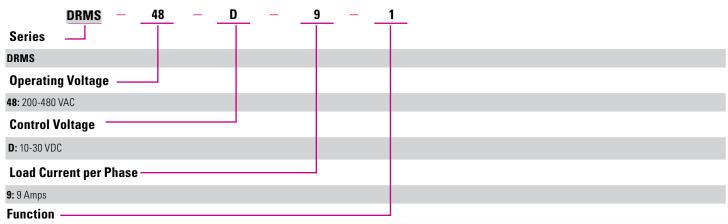




DRMS48D92, DRMS48D93







- 1: Reversing Contactor with Overload Protection
- 2: Reversing Contactor with Soft Start, Soft Stop and Overload Protection
- 3: Reversing Contactor with Soft Start, Soft Stop, Overload Protection and Mains Isolating Relay



AGENCY APPROVALS & CERTIFICATIONS

Tested and Certified According To



UL 508 and C22.2 No.14-13

With restrictions at motor switching power:

- ANSI/UL 60947-1, 3rd Edition (Low-Voltage Switchgear and Controlgear Part1: General rules)
- ANSI/UL 60947-4-2, 1st Edition (Low-Voltage Switchgear and Controlgear Part 4-2: Contactors and Motor-Starters AC Semiconductor Motor Controllers and Starters)
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60947-1-07, 1st Edition (Low-Voltage Switchgear and Controlgear Part1: General rules)
- CSA-C22.2 No. 60947-4-2-14, 1st Edition (Low-Voltage Switchgear and Controlgear Part 4-2: Contactors and Motor-Starters AC Semiconductor Motor Controllers and Starters

	DRMS Motor Circuit Ratings	
	Per UL508, CSA C22.2 No. 14-13	
Network Voltage	Ambient Temperature	FLA / LRA
200-480VAC, 3-phase, 50/60Hz	40°C	7.6 / 45.6
	50°C	4.8 / 28.8
	60°C	2.1 / 12.6
	Per UL 60947-4-2, CSA 60947-4-2	
200-300VAC, 3-phase, 50/60Hz	40°C	7.6 / 45.6
	50°C	4.8 / 28.8
	60°C	2.1 / 12.6
301-480VAC, 3-phase, 50/60Hz	60°C	2.1 / 12.6

CONFORMANCE	ENVIRONMENTAL
C€	RoHS
Directive 2006/95/EC	Directive 2011/65/EU

IEC/EN 60068-2-6: Vibration Resistance - Amplitude 0.35mm, frequency 10-55 Hz

IEC/EN 60068-1: Climate Resistance - 0 / 060 / 04

ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY

Interference resistance

IEC/EN 61000-4-2: Electrostatic Discharge - 8 kV (air)

IEC/EN 61000-4-3: HF-Irradiation - 80 MHz-1.0 GHz: 10 V/m

1.0-2.5 GHz: 3 V/m 2.5-2.7 GHz: 1 V/m

IEC/EN 61000-4-4: Fast Transients - 2 kV

IEC/EN 61000-4-5: Surge Voltage between Wires for Power Supply - 1 kV

Surge Voltage between Wires and Ground - 2 kV

IEC/EN 61000-4-6: HF-Wire Guided - 10 V

IEC/EN 61000-4-11: Voltage Dips

Interference emission

IEC/EN 60947-4-2: Wire guided - Limit value class B

Radio irradiation - Limit value class B





RISK OF MATERIAL DAMAGE AND HOT ENCLOSURE

- The product's side panels may be hot, allow the product to cool before touching
- Follow proper mounting instructions including torque values
 Do not allow liquids or foreign objects to enter this product

Failure to follow these instructions can result in serious injury, or equipment damage.



HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power before installing or working with this equipment
- Verify all connections and replace all covers before turning on power

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.